ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Santo Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2023

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Introductory Section

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Santo Independent School District Name of School District Palo Pinto County <u>182-904</u> Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and (check one) ______approved ______disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2023, at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district on the 10^{+1} day of <u>November</u>, <u>2083</u>.

Signature of Board Seg

Signature of Board President

If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)

Financial Section



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Santo Independent School District P.O. Box 67 Santo, Texas 76472

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Santo Independent School District ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Santo Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santo Independent School District as of August 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Santo Independent School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in Fiscal Year 2023, Santo Independent School District adopted n accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Santo Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of the District's pension contributions, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and schedule of the District's OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information listed as other supplementary information in the table of contents, except for Exhibit J-5, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in, all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information Included in the Annual Report

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and Exhibit J-5 but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2023 on our consideration of Santo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Santo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Santo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Inno dante Williams

Snow Garrett Williams November 15, 2023

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Santo Independent School District P.O. Box 67 Santo, Texas 76472

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Santo Independent School District ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Santo Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santo Independent School District as of August 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Santo Independent School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in Fiscal Year 2023, Santo Independent School District adopted n accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Trustees Santo Independent School District P.O. Box 67 Santo, Texas 76472

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santo Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Santo Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Santo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Santo Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Santo Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Santo Independent School District P.O. Box 67 Santo, Texas 76472

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Progam

We have audited Santo Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Santo Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023. Santo Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Santo Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Progam

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Santo Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Santo Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Santo Independent School District's federal programs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

As management of the District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent period by \$6,447,414 (*net position*). Of this amount, (\$816,552) (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,284,102. Approximately 50% of this total amount, \$2,155,022, is *available for spending* at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2,155,022, or 34% of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) as opposed to *business-type activities* that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District has no *business-type activities* and no component units for which it is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds-not the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and/or bond covenants.
- Other funds may be established by the Board to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund and food service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements as the provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.
- **Fiduciary funds**. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position that can be found on page 20-21.
- Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22-44 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 45-51 of this report.

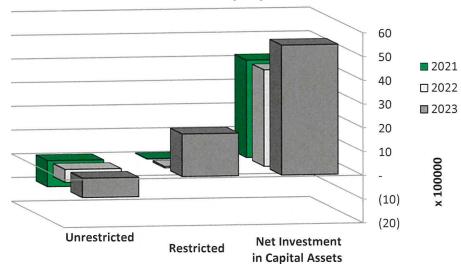


Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$6,447,414 as of August 31, 2023.

The District's Net Position

	August 31, 2023	August 31, 2022
Current assets Capital assets	\$ 4,630,704 5,754,947	\$ 3,274,267 4,088,914
Total assets	10,385,651	7,363,181
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Deferred outfow related to pensions	1,088,687	539,374
Deferred outfow related to OPEB	913,421	656,313
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,002,108	1,195,687
Current liabilities	458,156	278,726
Long-term liabilities outstanding	3,160,233	2,407,615
Total liabilities	3,618,389	2,686,341
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Deferred inflow related to pensions	216,110	798,544
Deferred inflow related to OPEB	2,105,846	1,490,367
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,321,956	2,288,911
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	5,472,584	4,063,435
Restricted	1,791,382	60,810
Unrestricted	(816,552)	(540,629)
Total net position	\$ 6,447,414	\$ 3,583,616



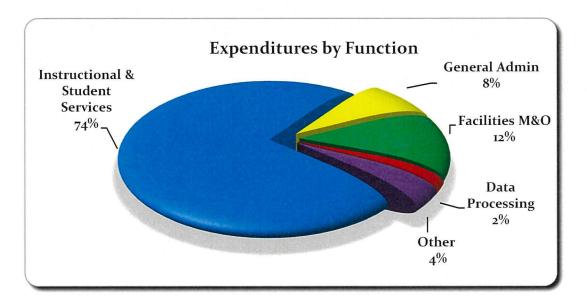
Net Position as of 8/31/2023

The net investment in capital assets and right to use assets (e.g., land, buildings, furniture and equipment, construction in progress, and right to use assets) is \$5,472,584. The District uses these capital assets and right to use assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets and right to use assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional \$1,791,382 of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position is a* negative \$816,552. This deficit is not an indication that the District has insignificant resources available to meet financial obligations next year, but rather the result of having *long-term* commitments that are in excess of currently available resources.

Governmental activities. The District's total net position increased by \$2,863,798. The total cost of all *governmental activities* this year was \$8,155,673. The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$5,117,382 or 63%.

Changes in the District's Net Position

	Fiscal Year August 31, 2023	Fiscal Year August 31, 2022
Revenues:	·	
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 241,477	\$ 103,947
Operating grants and contributions	1,638,937	975,916
General revenues		
Property taxes	5,117,382	3,775,554
Grants and Contributions	1,696,492	2,350,773
Other	446,760	108,288
Special Item	1,878,423	-
Total revenues	11,019,471	7,314,478
Expenses:		
Instruction	4,054,984	3,112,540
Instructional resources and media services	104,781	108,868
Curriculum and staff development	927	3,142
Instructional leasership	11,019	11,863
School leadership	449,888	430,161
Guidance, counseling & evaluation services	171,213	121,231
Health services	68,937	64,320
Student transportation	303,825	327,043
Food service	370,830	365,633
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	491,098	429,768
General administration	632,657	553,702
Facilities maintenance and operations	1,032,486	887,869
Security and monitoring services	51,857	26,807
Data processing services	144,169	146,135
Community services	96,674	91,359
Interest on long-term debt	2,328	1,310
Payments related to shared service arrangements	168,000	81,076
Total expenses	8,155,673	6,762,827
Increase (decrease) in net position	2,863,798	551,651
Beginning net position	3,583,616	3,031,965
Ending net position	\$ 6,447,414	\$ 3,583,616



Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,284,102, an increase of \$1,367,815. Approximately 50% of this total amount (\$2,155,022) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*. The remainder of fund balance is *restricted and assigned* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is *restricted* for the for federal/state grant restrictions (\$8,663), for retirements of long-term debt (\$16,624), for Shared Services Arrangement (\$1,764,869), for *other committed fund balance*-campus activity (\$14,346), and assigned to pay for other expenditures as needed (\$300,000).

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,155,022, out of a total fund balance of \$2,455,022. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 34% of the total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the District's general fund decreased \$388,143 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this decrease were:

- \$1.4 million elementary classroom expansion from fund balance
- \$166,000 land purchase for maintenance and transportation facility

Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District recommended, and the Board approved several revisions to budgeted revenue and appropriations. These amendments fall into the following categories:

- Significant increase in student enrollment
- Purchase of cafeteria tables
- Facilities prepared for volleyball

• Covered walkway from portable building

The following are significant variations between the final budget and actual amounts for the general fund:

- Actual revenues were higher than the budgeted amount by \$294,440, primary related to increases in state program revenues; and
- Actual expenditures exceeded the budget by \$48,617, primary due to the payment to Palo Pinto County Co-Op.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets and right to use assets for its governmental activities as of August 31, 2023, amounts to \$5,534,279 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and right to use assets.

Major capital asset acquisitions during the year consisted of the expansion of elementary campus classrooms and the purchase of a Ford Transit and land.

	Aug	August 31, 2023		just 31, 2022
Land	\$	312,595	\$	144,286
Buildings and improvements		2,801,276		3,079,409
Furniture and equipment		934,424		840,684
Construction in progress		1,425,487		-
Right to Use Assets		60,497		24,535
Total at historical cost	\$	5,534,279	\$	4,088,914

Districts Capital Assets (net of depreciation/amortization)

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note D on page 29 of this report.

Long-term debt. As of August 31, 2023, the District had paid balances on general outstanding debt. The net pension liability for fiscal year 2023 had an ending balance of \$1,873,644, an increase of \$1,230,607 from the prior year. The net OPEB liability for fiscal year 2023 had an ending balance of \$1,224,894, a decrease of \$514,205 over the prior year. The lease liability for fiscal year 2023 is \$18,028 a decrease of \$7,451. The SBITA liability for fiscal year 2023 is \$43,667 due to the implementation of GASB 96 *Subscription Based IT Arrangements.*

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note F on page 30 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- District enrollment increased significantly to 550 students which increases state revenue.
- The district has remained debt free for 6 years.
- The district's total tax rate decreased from the preceding year from \$0.94 to \$0.78 per \$100 appraised value. (\$0.78 M&O and \$0.00 I&S).
- The school district has appropriated revenues and expenditures (federal, state, local) in 2023-2024 budget of \$7,112,933 and \$7,112,933 respectively.
- Federal ESSER money continues to be utilized through the end of 2024 school year.
- Property values in the district continue to increase significantly increasing the local revenue share and decreasing the state revenue share of SISD funding.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Santo Independent School District, P.O. Box 67, Santo, Texas 76472.



Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2023

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			1
Data			
Control		G	overnmental
Codes	100FT0		Activities
4440	ASSETS:	٠	4 001 040
1110 1120	Cash and Cash Equivalents Current Investments	\$	4,001,240
120	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)		520,350
1225	Due from Other Governments		109,114
1240			220,668
1510	Capital Assets: Land		212 505
1510			312,595
1520	Buildings and Improvements (Net) Furniture and Equipment (Net)		2,801,276 934,424
1550	Right to Use Assets (Net)		934,424 60,497
1550	Construction in Progress		
1000	Total Assets		<u>1,425,487</u> 10,385,651
1000	Total Assets		10,365,651
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		1,088,687
•	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	1 - F	913,421
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,002,108
1700		·	2,002,100
	LIABILITIES:		
2110	Accounts Payable		14,744
2165	Accrued Liabilities		360,524
2300	Unearned Revenue		82,888
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	1.1	a di serie
2501	Due Within One Year		30,905
2502	Due in More Than One Year		30,790
2540	Net Pension Liability		1,873,644
2545	Net OPEB Liability		1,224,894
2000	Total Liabilities		3,618,389
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		216,110
	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB		2,105,846
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,321,956
	NET DOUTION		
3200	NET POSITION:		E 470 EQ4
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted For:		5,472,584
3820	Federal and State Programs		8,663
3820 3850	Debt Service		17,850
3890	Shared Services Arrangement		1,764,869
3900	Unrestricted		(816,552)
3900	Total Net Position	¢	
3000	1 Utal NEL E USILIUII	Φ	6,447,414

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control <u>Codes</u>	Functions/Programs	_	1 Expenses		3 Progra Charges for Services		4 Operating Grants and Contributions	! 	let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	4,054,984	9		\$	1,119,755	\$	(2,865,881)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		104,781		1,079		(23)		(103,725)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		927		6		27		(894)
21	Instructional Leadership		11,019		1,480		104		(9,435)
23	School Leadership		449,888		4,257		32,886		(412,745)
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		171,213		1,746		784		(168,683)
33	Health Services		68,937		713		(184)		(68,408)
34	Student Transportation		303,825		3,050		4,948		(295,827)
35	Food Service		370,830		124,223		221,806		(24,801)
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		491,098		4,693		9,971		(476,434)
41	General Administration		632,657		8,249		10,227		(614,181)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,032,486		10,408		27,912		(994,166)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		51,857		276		195,378		143,797
53	Data Processing Services		144,169		1,445		2,726		(139,998)
61	Community Services		96,674		995		(400)		(96,079)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		2,328				` `		(2,328)
81	Capital Outlay		'		1,727		7,282		9,009
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangeme	ents	168.000		7,782		5,738		(154,480)
TG	Total Governmental Activities		8,155,673		241,477		1,638,937	. —	(6,275,259)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	8,155,673	9	241,477	\$	1,638,937		(6,275,259)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*				. *=		_	(0,110,100)
		General Reve	enues:						
MT		Property Ta	xes, Levied for	Genera	Purposes				5,118,025
DT			xes, Levied for						(643)
IE		Investment		205101					3,062
GC				lot Rest	ricted to Specific	Program	9		1,696,492
MI		Miscellaneo				riogram	0		443,698
(VIII			Extraordinary Ite	me.					440,000
S1		Special Item							1,878,423
TR			eral Revenues					_	9,139,057
CN			Net Position					_	2,863,798
NB		Net Position							3,583,616
NE		Net Position						¢	6,447,414
		Not i UsitiOII.	Linding					Ψ	0,44/,414

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2023

Dete			10		C to	to Fundad
Data			Comaral			te Funded
Contro Codes			General Fund			Special Revenue
Coues	ASSETS:		Fulla		r	hevenue
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,256,073		\$	
1110	Current Investments	φ	520,350		φ	
1225	Taxes Receivable		256,944			
	Allowance for Uncollectable Taxes (Credit)		(149,056)			
1230	Due from Other Governments		17,297			83,981
1240	Due from Other Funds		100,088			03,901
1000	Total Assets	· • •	3,001,696		¢	83,981
1000	Total Assets	Φ	3,001,090		Φ	03,301
	LIABILITIES:					
	Current Liabilities:					
2110	Accounts Payable	\$			\$	
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	Ψ	46,266		Ψ	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		215,907			373
2170	Due to Other Funds		89,209			83,600
2200	Accrued Expenditures		4,516	• •		8
2300	Unearned Revenue		82,888			
2000	Total Liabilities		438,786			83,981
2000	Total Liabilities		400,700			00,001
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
	Property Taxes		107,888			
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		107,888			
2000					•	
	FUND BALANCES:					
	Restricted Fund Balances:					
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions					
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt					
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance - SSA					
	Committed Fund Balances:					
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance					
	Assigned Fund Balances:					
3570	Capital Expenditures for Equipment					
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance - Major Projects		300,000			
3600	Unassigned		2,155,022			
3000	Total Fund Balances		2,455,022			
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow					
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	3,001,696		\$	83,981
		· <u> </u>				· · · ·

	SHARS Fund		60 Capital Projects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	98 Total overnmental Funds
\$	1,674,423	\$	24,578	\$	46,166	\$	4,001,240
							520,350
					12,030		268,974
					(10,804)		(159,860)
					119,390		220,668
		.—	••	.—	89,209		189,297
\$	1,674,423	\$ <u>.</u>	24,578	\$	255,991	\$	5,040,669
¢		\$		\$	14,744	\$	14,744
\$		Φ		Φ	14,/44	φ	46,266
					85,734		302,014
					16,488		189,297
			·		7,720		12,244
							82,888
					124,686	·	647,453
						 • .	
					1,226		109,114
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			` <u> </u>	1,226		109,114
		-	1.		1,		100,711
					•		
					8,663		8,663
					16,624		16,624
	1,674,423				90,446		1,764,869
					14,346		14,346
			24,578				24,578
							300,000
							2,155,022
_	1,674,423		24,578		130,079		4,284,102
\$	1,674,423	\$	24,578	\$	255,991	\$	5,040,669

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 4,284,102
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	109,114
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	5,534,279 1,088.687
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	913,421
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(1,873,644)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(1,224,894)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(216,110)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	(2,105,846)
Payables for right-to-use leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(18,028)
Payables for right-to-use SBITAs which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	 (43,667)
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 6,447,414

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

			10		
Data				St	ate Funded
Contro			General		Special
Codes			Fund		Revenue
	REVENUES:				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	5,341,281	\$	
5800	State Program Revenues	*	1,967,211	Ŧ	199,473
5900	Federal Program Revenues				
5020	Total Revenues		7,308,492		199,473
5020	Total nevenues		7,000,402	+	
	EXPENDITURES:				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction		2,560,693		5,257
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		104,970		,
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		877		
0021	Instructional Leadership				
0023	School Leadership		415,520		
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		170,395		
0033	Health Services		69,293		
0034	Student Transportation		297,564		
0035	Food Service				
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		458,084		
0041	General Administration		586,113		
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,015,003		
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		26,879		194,216
0053	Data Processing Services		140,696		
0061	Community Services		97,320		
	Principal on Long-term Debt		27,199		
	Interest on Long-term Debt		2,208		
0081			168,309		
	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements		122,000		
6030	Total Expenditures		6,263,123		199,473
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures		1,045,369		
			<u> </u>		
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):				
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property		16,488		
7915	Transfers In				
7949	Other Resources - Issuance of Right to Use SBITAs				
8911	Transfers Out		(1,450,000)		
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(1,433,512)		
	č				
	SPECIAL ITEM:				
7918	Special Item (Resource)				
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(388,143)		
	-		,		
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning		2,843,165		
	Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,455,022	\$	
	Ť				

SHARS Fund	60 Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds		
\$ 	\$ 83 	\$ 417,907 53,081 1,366,800	\$		
	83_	1,837,788	9,345,836		
1,547		1,457,103	4,024,600		
			104,970		
			877		
		10,426	10,426		
		32,333	447,853		
			170,395		
			69,293		
·			297,564		
		389,247	389,247		
		19,111	477,195		
16,173	18	15,753	618,057		
			1,015,003		
		-	221,095		
		'	140,696		
			97,320		
		2,910	30,109		
		120	2,328		
	1,425,487		1,593,796		
		46,000	168,000		
17,720	1,425,505	1,973,003	9,878,824		
(17,720)	(1,425,422)	(135,215)	(532,988)		
	-		16,488		
	1,450,000		1,450,000		
		5,892	5,892		
			(1,450,000)		
	1,450,000	5,892	22,380		
1,692,143		186,280	1,878,423		
1,674,423	24,578	56,957	1,367,815		
		73,122	2,916,287		
\$ <u>1,674,423</u>	\$ <u>24,578</u>	\$130,079	\$4,284,102		

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,367,815
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		29,860
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.		1,874,475
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.		(489,543)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.		16,488
All proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.		(16,488)
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflow	vs.	
These pension contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased ending net position. Pension contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were		180,985
expended and recorded as a reduction to the net pension liability.		(146,887)
Changes in the net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows are recognized in the government wide financials but are not reported in the fund financial statements. The net effect of		(, ,
the change is a decrease in net position.		(132,958)
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflow	vs.	
These OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased net position.		46,846
OPEB contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were		10,010
expended and recorded as a reduction in the net OPEB liability.		(41,954)
Changes in the net OPEB liability and related deferred inflows and outflows are recognized in the governme wide financials but are not reported in the fund financial statements. The net effect of	nt	(11,001)
the change is an increase in net position.		150,942
Proceeds of right-to-use SBITA assets do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as other		
financing sources in the funds.		(5,892)
Repayment of right-to-use lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		7,451
Repayment of SBITA principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		22,658
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$	2,863,798

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control <u>Codes</u>	ASSETS:	Custodial Fund
-	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 134,414
1000	Total Assets	134,414
ן 2000	LIABILITIES: Total Liabilities	
1	NET POSITION:	
3800 F	Restricted for Student Activities	134,414
3000	Total Net Position	\$ <u>134,414</u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Revenue from Student Activities	\$ <u>159,259</u>
Total Additions	159,259
DEDUCTIONS: Payments for Student Activities	139.842
Total Deductions	139,842
Change in Fiduciary Net Postion	19,417
Net Position-Beginning of the Year	114,997
Net Position-End of the Year	\$134,414

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Santo Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

State Funded Special Revenues: This fund is used to account for funds passed through TEA from state funds.

SHARS Program Fund: This fund is used to account for funds provided through The School Health and Related Services (SHARS) program. These funds represent the accumulated SHARS receipts of all member districts of the Palo Pinto County Co-Op, for which the District is the fiscal agent.

Capital Projects Fund: This fund is used to account for all financial resources restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the aquistion or construction of capital assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Custodial Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity. Custodial funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of the fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or custodial capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under lease contracts and subscription-based information technology arrangements are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

b. Inventories

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings & Improvements	10-30 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Right to Use Assets (Leases)	39 months
Right to Use Assets (SBITAs)	2-3 years

d. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

h. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

i. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action, which is a resolution, by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself. The Board shall designate to the Superintendent the authority to assign amounts to be expended for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

j. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

k. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

6. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented the following new standard. The applicable provisions of the new standards are summarized below. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended.

A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The District implemented this Statement during the current year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

B. <u>Compliance and Accountability</u>

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*, violations of financerelated legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

<u>Violation</u> General Fund total actual expenditures exceeded final budgeted amounts.	Action Taken The district will closely review the approved budgeted amounts adopted by the School Board and propose amendments for unexpected resources needed during the year to prevent future overspending.
Food Service Fund total actual expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts.	The district will closely review the approved budgeted amounts adopted by the School Board and propose amendments for unexpected resources needed during the year to prevent future overspending.
)anasits and Investments	

C. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$4,656,004 and the bank balance was \$4,404,218. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2023 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

2. Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) securities lending program, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) commercial paper.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

The District's investments at August 31, 2023 consist of certificates of deposit, which are entirely covered by FDIC and pledged collateral by the bank, and are included in the cash balance in Note C-1.

Investment or Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Comanche National Bank		
Certificates of Deposit	6 Months	\$520,350
Total Investments		\$520,350

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2023, was as follows:

		Restated* Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:						
Land	\$	144,286 \$	168,309 \$	\$	5	312,595
Construction in Progress	_		1,425,487			1,425,487
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	_	144,286	1,593,796			1,738,082
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:						
Buildings and improvements		10,627,228	23,255			10,650,483
Equipment		2,294,632	251,532	212,060		2,334,104
Right-to-Use Assets - Leases		32,605				32,605
Right-to-Use Assets - SBITAs		60,433	5,892			66,325
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized		13,014,898	280,679	212,060		13,083,517
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for	:					
Buildings and improvements		(7,547,819)	(301,388)			(7,849,207)
Equipment		(1,453,948)	(157,792)	(212,060)		(1,399,680)
Right-to-Use Assets - Leases		(8,070)	(7,273)			(15,343)
Right-to-Use Assets - SBITAs	_		(23,090)			(23,090)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	_	(9,009,837)	(489,543)	(212,060)		(9,287,320)
Total capital assets being		4,005,061	(208,864)			3,796,197
depreciated/amortized, net	_					
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	<u>4,149,347</u> \$	<u>1,384,932</u> \$	\$	۶ <u></u>	5,534,279

*Restated due to the implementation of GASB 96, Subscription Based IT Arrangements.

Depreciation/amortization was charged to functions as	s follows:
Instruction	\$ 254,711
Instructional Resources and Media Services	5,971
Curriculum and Staff Development	50
Instructional Leadership	593
School Leadership	25,474
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	9,692
Health Services	3,941
Student Transportation	16,926
Food Services	22,141
Extracurricular Activities	27,143
General Administration	35,156
Plant Maintenance and Operations	57,734
Security and Monitoring Services	16,472
Data Processing Services	8,003
Community Services	5,536
	\$ 489,543

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2023, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Gunds	\$ 100,088
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	89,209
-	Total	\$ 189,297

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that reimbursable expenditures occur or deposits of revenue are received, the dates the transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and the date the interfund payments are actually settled. All interfund receivables and payables will be liquidated within the next fiscal year.

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2023, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	 Amount	Reason
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 1,450,000	Provide resources for school additions
	Total	\$ 1,450,000	School additions

F. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2023, are as follows:

		Restated** Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:			_					
Net Pension Liability*	\$	643,037	\$	1,377,876 \$	6	147,269 \$	1,873,644 \$	
Net OPEB Liability*		1,739,099				514,205	1,224,894	
Lease Liability*		25,479				7,451	18,028	7,790
SBITA Liability*		60,433		5,892		22,658	43,667	23,115
Total governmental activities	\$_	2,468,048	\$	1,383,768	\$	691,583 \$	3,160,233 \$	30,905

* Other long-term liabilities presented

**Restated due to the implementation of GASB 96, Subscription Based IT Arrangements.

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Net Pension Liability*	Governmental	General Fund
Net OPEB Liability*	Governmental	General Fund
Lease Liability*	Governmental	General Fund
SBITA Liability*	Governmental	General and Special Revenue Funds

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

G. Leases

The District is a lessee for noncancelable leases of property and equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability, reported with long-term debt, and a right-to-use lease asset, reported with other capital assets, in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments. The lease asset is initially measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or it's useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- --- The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- --- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease.
- --- Lease payments included in the measurement of the liability are composed of fixed payments, variable payments fixed in substance or that depend on an index or a rate, payments for penalties of terminating the lease, lease incentives receivable from the vendor, and any other payments that are reasonably certain of being required based on an assessment of all relevant factors.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

There were no variable payments or residual value guarantees or penalties not included in the measurement of the leases. The District did not have any commitments under leases not yet commenced at year-end, components of losses associated with asset impairments, or sublease transactions for Fiscal Year 2023.

The lease with Canon matures on December 10, 2025 and is for copier equipment totaling \$32,605 payable in monthly installments of \$703 at an interest rate of 4.46%.

Future lease payment maturity schedule is as follows:

Year ended				
August 31		Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$	7,790 \$	646 \$	8,436
2025		8,145	291	8,436
2026	_	2,093	16	2,109
	\$	18,028 \$	953 \$	18,981

H. Subscription Based IT Arrangements

The District is a contractee for noncancelable Subscriptions Based IT Arragements (SBITAs). The District recognizes a SBITA liability, reported with long-term debt, and a right-to-use lease asset, reported with other capital assets, in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes SBITA liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a SBITA, the District measures the SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the SBITA term. Subsequently, the SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of SBITA payments. The SBITA asset is initially measured at the initial amount of the SBITA liability, adjusted for SBITA payments made at or before the commencement of the SBITA term, plus capitalizable initial implementation costs as described in GASB 96 paragraph 29b. Subsequently, the SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the SBITA term or it's useful life.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Key estimates and judgements related to SBITAs include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected SBITA payments to present value, (2) SBITA term, and (3) SBITA payments.

- --- The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITA.
- --- The SBITA term includes the noncancelable period of the SBITA.
- --- SBITA payments included in the measurement of the liability are composed of fixed payments, variable payments fixed in substance or that depend on an index or a rate, payments for penalties of terminating the SBITA, SBITA incentives receivable from the vendor, and any other payments that are reasonably certain of being required based on an assessment of all relevant factors.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its SBITAs and will remeasure the SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the SBITA liability. As of August 31, 2023, the schedule of SBITA payments is as follows:

There were no variable payments or residual value guarantees or penalties not included in the measurement of the SBITAs. The District did not have any commitments under SBITAs not yet commenced at year-end, components of losses associated with asset impairments, or sublease transactions for Fiscal Year 2023.

The SBITA with Raptor matures on September 1, 2025 and is for copier equipment totaling \$11,671 payable in annual installments of \$4,050 at an interest rate of 2.04%.

The SBITA with Houghton Mifflin matures on September 28, 2024 and is for copier equipment totaling \$5,892 payable in annual installments of \$3030 at an interest rate of 1.89%.

The SBITA with CEV matures on August 1, 2025 and is for copier equipment totaling \$48,762 payable in annual installments of \$16,921 at an interest rate of 2.04%.

Future SBITA payment maturity schedule is as follows:

Year ended August 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 23,115 \$	886 \$	24,001
2025	 20,552	419	20,971
	\$ 43,667 \$	1,305 \$	44,972

I. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2023, the District purchased commercial insurance from Hibbs Hallmark to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Workers' Compensation

The District has established a partially self-funded workers' compensation plan by participating in the Texas Educational Insurance Association. The Association is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member colleges and school districts. The main purpose of the Association is to partially self-insure certain workers compensation risks up to an agreed upon retention limit. The plan for worker's compensation benefits is authorized by Section 504.011 of the Labor Code. Claims are paid by a third party administrator acting on behalf of the District under the terms of a contractual agreement. Administrative fees are included within the provisions of that agreement. The liability of the workers' compensation self-insurance plan includes \$6,441 incurred but not reported claims. Costs are allocated to other funds and the retained earnings are fully reserved for self-funded insurance. Estimates of claims payable and of claims incurred, but not reported at August 31, 2023, are reflected as accounts and claims payable, if material. The plan is funded to discharge liabilities of of the fund as they become due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Changes in the balances of claim liabilities during the past year are as follows:

	Ye	Year Ended	
	08	8/31/2023	8/31/2022
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$	21,580 \$	20,571
Incurred claims		1,873	3,733
Claim payments		(2,164)	(2,724)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$	21,289_\$	21,580

Unemployment Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2023, Santo ISD provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2023, the Fund anticipates that Santo ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2022, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

J. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs). Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to the following state laws:

- --- Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution requires the legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the System during the fiscal year.
- --- Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 through 2025. Contribution Rates can be found in the TRS 2022 ACFR, Note 11, on page 85.

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

Contribution	n Rates	
	2022	2023
Member	8.00%	8.00%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.75%	8.00%
Employers	7.75%	8.00%
District's 2023 Employer Contributions	9	180,985
District's 2023 Member Contributions	9	356,723
2022 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State)	9	6 215,116

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- --- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- --- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- --- When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- --- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- --- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.7% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2022, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025.
- --- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2021 rolled forward to August 31, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term expected investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2022	3.91% *
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period	2121
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases including inflation	2.95% to 8.95%, including inflation
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

* The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index".

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 12, 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%. The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2022 are summarized below:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Target	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of	Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio
Allocation **	Return ***	Returns
18.0%	4.6%	1.12%
13.0%	4.9%	0.90%
9.0%	5.4%	0.75%
14.0%	7.7%	1.55%
16.0%	1.0%	0.22%
0.0%	3.7%	0.00%
5.0%	3.4%	0.18%
15.0%	4.1%	0.94%
6.0%	5.1%	0.37%
0.0%	3.6%	0.00%
8.0%	4.6%	0.43%
2.0%	3.0%	0.01%
(6.0%)	3.6%	(0.05)%
		2.70%
		.(0.91)%
100.0%		8.21%
te		
	Allocation ** 18.0% 13.0% 9.0% 14.0% 16.0% 0.0% 5.0% 15.0% 6.0% 0.0% 8.0% 2.0% (6.0%) 100.0% ts. odel. as of 08/31/2022).	Target Allocation ** Real Rate of Return *** 18.0% 4.6% 13.0% 4.9% 9.0% 5.4% 14.0% 7.7% 16.0% 1.0% 0.0% 3.7% 5.0% 3.4% 15.0% 4.1% 0.0% 3.6% 8.0% 4.6% 2.0% 3.0% (6.0%) 3.6% 100.0% 3.6%

**** The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using a discount rate of 7.00%, and what the net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1%		1%
	Decrease in	Discount	Increase in
	Discount Rate	Rate	Discount Rate
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
District's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability:	\$ 2,914,679	\$ 1,873,644	\$ 1,029,836

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$1,873,644 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability State's proportionate share that is associated with District	\$ 1,873,644 2,736,831
Total	\$ 4,610,475

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .003156%, which was an increase of .000631% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$541,455 and revenue of \$261,610, representing pension expense incurred by the State on behalf of the District.

At August 31, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Actuarial Experience	\$	27,168 \$	40,849
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		349,121	87,011
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings		185,110	
Changes in Proportion and Difference between District's Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions		346,303	88,250
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability		180,985	
Total	\$_	1,088,687 \$	216,110

The deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended August 31, 2024. The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Year ended August 31	Pension Expense Amount		
2024	\$	175,398	
2025	\$	111,147	
2026	\$	60,047	
2027	\$	275,656	
2028	\$	69,344	
Thereafter	\$		

- K. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans
 - 1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee. Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 1 O years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs).

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates				
Medicare Non-Medicare				
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$ 200	
Retiree and Spouse		529	689	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse				
and Children		468	408	
Retiree and Family		1,020	999	

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in State Statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers are based on active employee compensation. The TRS board does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Section 1575.202 of the Texas Insurance Code establishes the State's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of Salary. Section 1575.204 establishes a public school contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates				
	<u>2022</u>	2023		
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%		
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%		
Employers	0.75%	0.75%		
Federal/Private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%		

District's 2023 Employer Contributions	\$ 46,846
District's 2023 Member Contributions	\$ 28,984
2022 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State)	\$ 51,254

All employers whose employees are covered by the TRS pension plan are also required to pay a surcharge of \$535 per month when employing a retiree of TRS.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$83 million in fiscal year 2022 from the Federal Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to help defray the COVID-19 related health care costs during fiscal year 2022.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2021 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2022:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Retirement Rates of Termination Rates of Disability General Inflation Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on 90% of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2018.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2021 rolled forward to August 31, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	3.91% as of August 31, 2022
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Election Rates	Normal Retirement - 65% participation rate prior to age 65 and 40% participation rate after age 65.*
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

*25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at 65.

The initial medical trend rates were 8.25% for Medicare retirees and 7.25% for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.25% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 13 years.

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.91% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. This was an increase of 1.96% in the discount rate since the previous year. Since the plan is a pay-as-you-go plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2022 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/ Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% lower than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (1.95%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(0.95%)	(1.95%)	(2.95%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 1,444,247	\$ 1,224,894	\$ 1,047,190

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$1,244,894, for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the Net OPEB Liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 1,224,894
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 1,494,178
Total	\$ 2,719,072

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022, and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was .005116%, compared an increase of .000607% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the health trend rates assumed.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend
	Rate	Rate	Rate
District's proportionate			
share of Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 1,009,318	\$ 1,224,894	\$ 1,504,360

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

--- The discount rate was changed from 1.95% as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91% as of August 31, 2022. This change decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$321,024), and revenue of (\$212,036) representing OPEB expense incurred by the State on behalf of the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

At August 31, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 68,100 \$	1,020,446
Changes in actuarial assumptions	186,576	850,983
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	3,649	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	608,250	234,417
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	46,846	
Total	\$ 913,421 \$	2,105,846

The deferred outlfows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended August 31, 2024. The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31	OPEB Expense Amount
2024	\$ (248,466)
2025	\$ (248,453)
2026	\$ (196,508)
2027	\$ (126,185)
2028	\$ (188,614)
Thereafter	\$ (231,045)

10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was \$22,510.

L. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2023, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$325 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

The contract between the District and the third party administrator is renewable annually, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the Plan are available and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

M. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent m

grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2023.

N. Shared Services Arrangements

Shared Services Arrangement - Fiscal Agent

The District is the fiscal agent for a Shared Services Arrangement ("SSA") which provides special education services to the member districts listed below. All services are provided by the fiscal agent. The member districts provide the funds to the fiscal agent. According to guidance provided in TEA's Resource Guide, the District has accounted for the fiscal agent's activities of the SSA in funds 437 (SSA Operating Fund) and 455 (SSA SHARs Fund) and are accounted for using Model 3 in the SSA section of the Resource Guide. Expenditures of the SSA are summarized below:

Member Districts	_	Expenditures
Gordon ISD	\$	71,514
Graford ISD		92,970
Palo Pinto ISD		17,876
Santo ISD		164,722
Strawn ISD		44,258
Total	\$	391,340

O. Special Item

The Special Item reflected in Exhibit B-1 and C-2 of \$1,878,423 represents a payment, from the prior fiscal agent of the Palo Pinto County Co-Op (a shared services arrangement as described in Note N above), of the member district's accumulated funds in the SSA. Palo Pinto County Co-Op maintains two seperate funds in the financial statements; the SHARS fund, reported as a major fund, and the SSA operating fund, reported in other governemntal funds.

P. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

The District evaluated subsequent events through November 15, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and no subsequent events were noted.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data			1		2		3		riance with nal Budget
Control			Budgete	d Ar	nounts				Positive
Codes			Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
	REVENUES:								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	5,192,718	\$	5,192,718	\$	5,341,281	\$	148,563
5800	State Program Revenues		1,821,334	_	1,821,334		1,967,211		145,877
5020	Total Revenues		7,014,052	_	7,014,052		7,308,492		294,440
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current: Instruction and Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction and Instructional Related Services:		2 004 006		2 500 702		2 560 602		20,000
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		2,904,906 109,250		2,589,782 109,250		2,560,693 104,970		29,089 4,280
0012	Curriculum and Staff Development		4,900		3,900		877		4,280 3,023
0013	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	_	3,019,056	-	2,702,932		2,666,540		36,392
	Total instruction and instr. Helated Services	_	3,019,030	-	2,702,902		2,000,040		30,392
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0023	School Leadership		426,865		417,565		415,520		2,045
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	_	426,865		417,565		415,520		2,045
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		216,755		175,555		170,395		5,160
0033	Health Services		77,425		73,825		69,293		4,532
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		354,310		304,099		297,564		6,535
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	_	415,510	_	461,120		458,084		3,036
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	1,064,000		1,014,599		995,336		19,263
	Administrative Support Services:		500.005				500 110		
0041	General Administration	_	596,235	-	587,135		586,113		1,022
	Total Administrative Support Services	_	596,235	_	587,135		586,113		1,022
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:		6.						
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		863,300		1,017,100		1,015,003		2,097
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		26,000		41,125		26,879		14,246
0053	Data Processing Services		142,050		145,550		140,696		4,854
0000	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based		1,031,350		1,203,775	_	1,182,578		21,197
		_	.,001,000	_	.,200,770		.,		
	Ancillary Services:								
0061	Community Services		107,850		98,700		97,320		1,380
	Total Ancillary Services	_	107,850	_	98,700	_	97,320		1,380
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt				20,400		27,199		(6,799)
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt	_		_			2,208		(2,208)
	Total Debt Service	-		_	20,400		29,407		(9,007)
	Carital Outland								
0081	Capital Outlay: Capital Outlay		1 250 000		160.400		169 200		1 001
0001	Total Capital Outlay	-	1,250,000	_	<u> 169,400</u> 169,400	_	168,309 168,309		<u>1,091</u> 1,091
	i otal Oapital Oullay	_	1,200,000	-	103,400	_	100,009		1,001
	Intergovernmental Charges:								
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member DistSSA		122,000				122,000		(122,000)
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	_	122,000	-			122,000		(122,000)
		_		-		_			,••••/
6030	Total Expenditures	_	7,617,356	-	6,214,506		6,263,123		(48,617)
				-					

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GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data		1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget
Control		Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures	(603,304)	799,546	1,045,369	245,823
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property			16,488	16,488
8911	Transfers Out		(1,572,000)	(1,450,000)	122,000
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(1,572,000)	(1,433,512)	138,488
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(603,304)	(772,454)	(388,143)	384,311
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	2,843,165	2,843,165	2,843,165	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 2,239,861	\$ 2,070,711	\$2,455,022	\$384,311

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN MEASUREMENT YEARS *

						Measurem	ent Year				
	_	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
District's proportion of the net pension liability		.003156%	0.002525%	0.002222%	0.002609%	0.002601%	0.002393%	0.002290%	0.002300%	0.001166%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,873,644 \$	643,037 \$	1,190,093 \$	1,356,149 \$	1,431,570 \$	765,293 \$	865,296 \$	812,949 \$	311,534 \$	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		2,736,831	1,273,430	2,768,766	2,401,151	2,592,073	1,600,369	1,986,350	1,952,916	1,682,839	
Total	\$	4,610,475 \$	1,916,467 \$	3,958,859 \$	3,757,300 \$	4,023,643 \$	2,365,662 \$	2,851,646 \$	2,765,865 \$_	1,994,373 \$	
District's covered payroll	\$	3,875,159 \$	3,508,884 \$	3,374,741 \$	3,106,449 \$	2,915,537 \$	2,913,014 \$	2,830,679 \$	2,831,310 \$	2,754,569 \$	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payrol!		48.35%	18.33%	35.26%	43.66%	49.10%	26.27%	30.57%	28.71%	11.31%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percenta of the total pension liability	age	75.62%	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%	

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

					Fiscal Y	′ear				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 180,985 \$	146,887 \$	107,651 \$	92,439 \$	91,184 \$	87,186 \$	78,383 \$	72,754 \$	68,098 \$	29,569
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(180,985)	(146,887)	(107,651)	(92,439)	(91,184)	(87,186)	(78,383)	(72,754)	(68,098)	(29,569)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$\$	\$	<u></u> \$\$	\$	\$	<u></u> \$	\$	\$	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,459,042 \$	3,875,159 \$	3,508,884	3,374,741 \$	3,106,449 \$	2,915,537 \$	2,913,014 \$	2,830,679 \$	2,831,310 \$	2,754,569
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	4.06%	3.79%	3.07%	2.74%	2.94%	2.99%	2.69%	2.57%	2.41%	1.07%

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN MEASUREMENT YEARS *

						Measurem	ient Year			 	
	_	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.005116%	0.004508%	0.004267%	0.004284%	0.004939%	0.004320%				
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	1,224,894 \$	1,739,099 \$	1,622,120 \$	2,025,918 \$	2,466,302 \$	1,878,796 \$		\$ 	\$ 	\$
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$_	1,494,178 \$	2,330,005 4,069,104 \$\$	2,179,741 3,801,861 \$	2,691,995 4,717,913 \$	2,514,182 4,980,484 \$	2,321,612 4,200,408 \$		\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$	3,875,159 \$	3,508,884 \$	3,374,741 \$	3,106,449 \$	2,915,537 \$	2,913,014 \$		\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		31.61%	49.56%	48.07%	65.22%	84.59%	64.50%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of the total OPEB liability	age	11.52%	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%		~~		

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

						Fiscal Y	ear				
	2023	2022	2	021	2020	2019	2018	2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	\$ 46,	846 \$ 4 ⁻	,954 \$	35,202 \$	32,968 \$	30,390 \$	34,075 \$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ **
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	(46, \$	<u>846)</u> (4 ⁻	\$	<u>(35,202)</u> \$	\$	<u>(30,390)</u> \$	(34,075)\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,459,	042 \$ 3,875	,159 \$ 3,	508,884 \$	3,374,741 \$	3,106,449 \$	2,915,537 \$		\$ 	\$ 	\$
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.0)5% 1	08%	1.00%	0.98%	0.98%	1.17%				

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

<u>Budaet</u>

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types legally required to adopt a budget (General Funds, Food Service Funds, and Debt Service Funds). The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

Changes of benefit terms

Any changes of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note J).

Any changes of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note K).

Changes of assumptions

Changes of assumptions that affected the measurement of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note J).

Changes of assumptions that affected the measurement of the net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note K).

Other Supplementary Information

This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Year Ended	1	2 ⁻ ax Rates	3 Assessed/Appraised Value For School
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes
2014 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$ Various	\$ Various
2015	1.1700	.1166	275,892,868
2016	1.1700	.1241	272,027,844
2017	1.1700	.1380	267,674,824
2018	1.1700	.1310	270,859,905
2019	1.1700		282,565,298
2020	1.0683		303,734,075
2021 m	1.0077		338,033,442
2022	.9603		413,616,995
2023 (School Year Under Audit)	.9429		554,490,614

1000 Totals

8000 - Taxes Refunded under Section 26.1115, Tax Code for owners who received an exemption as provided by Section 11.42(f), Tax Code

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

Column 20, Current Year's Total Levy is the ending levy due provided by Erath County Tax Office and Palo Pinto County Tax Office

Column 3, Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes is calculated based on current year total levy divided by current year total tax rate.

 10 Beginning Balance 9/1/22	20 Current Year's Total Levy		31 Itenance lections	32 Debt Ser Collectio		Y	40 ntire ear's stments	 50 Ending Balance 8/31/23
\$ 85,888	\$	\$	292	\$	38	\$	(1,500)	\$ 84,058
13,570			9		1			13,560
5,355			579		61			4,715
7,291			4					7,287
5,593			(106)		(12)		(130)	5,581
5,363			150				(117)	5,096
27,877			36,866				17,957	8,968
7,629			31,046				36,533	13,116
54,143			64,165				34,007	23,985
	5,228,2	292 4	4,886,624				(239,060)	102,608
\$ 212,709	\$5,228,2	<u>92</u> \$	5,019,629	\$	88	\$	(152,310)	\$ 268,974

\$ ---\$ ---

53

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control Codes		1 Budget	2 Actual	3 Variance Positive (Negative)
	REVENUES:	 Budget	 10000	 (
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 100,000	\$ 124,568	\$ 24,568
5800	State Program Revenues	10,450	12,592	2,142
5900	Federal Program Revenues	 250,318	 218,431	 (31,887)
5020	Total Revenues	 360,768	 355,591	 (5,177)
	EXPENDITURES:			
	Current: Support Services - Student (Pupil):			
0035	Food Services	387,850	389,247	(1,397)
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	 387,850	 389,247	 (1,397)
6030	Total Expenditures	 387,850	 389,247	 (1,397)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
1100	Expenditures	 (27,082)	 (33,656)	 (6,574)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(27,082)	(33,656)	(6,574)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	 42,319	 42,319	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 15,237	\$ 8,663	\$ (6,574)

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control Codes		1 Budget	 2 Actual	Р	3 ariance ositive egative)
5700	REVENUES: Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	\$ 209	\$	209
5020	Total Revenues	Ф <u></u>	 209	Ψ	209
	EXPENDITURES:				
1100 1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		209		209
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		 209		209
0100 3000	Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	<u> </u>	\$ 16,415 16,624	\$	

USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAM AS OF AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control Codes	_	<u>F</u>	esponses
	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	302,379
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28 29, 30, 34)	\$	456,627
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?		Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$	11,317
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$	18,504

FUND BALANCE AND CASH FLOW CALCULATION WORKSHEET (UNAUDITED) GENERAL FUND AS OF AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control		
Codes	Explanation	Amount
1	Total General Fund Fund Balance as of August 31, 2023 (Exhibit C-1 object 3000 for the General Fund only)	\$2,455,022_
2	Total General Fund Nonspendable Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 341X-344X for the General Fund only)	
3	Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 345X-349X for the General Fund only)	
4	Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 351X-354X for the General Fund only)	
5	Total General Fund Assigned Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 355X-359X for the General Fund only)	300,000_
6	Estimated amount needed to cover fall cash flow deficits in the General Fund (net of borrowed funds and funds representing deferred revenues)	521,927_
7	Estimate of two months' average cash disbursements during the fiscal year	1,043,954
8	Estimate of delayed payments from state sources (58XX)	
9	Estimate of underpayment from state sources equal to variance between Legislative Payment Estimate (LPE) and District Planning Estimate (DPE) or District's calculated earned state aid amount	
10	Estimate of delayed payments from federal sources (59XX)	
11	Estimate of expenditures to be reimbursed to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund (uses of General Fund cash after bond referendum and prior to issuance of bonds)	<u></u>
12	General Fund Optimum Fund Balance and Cash Flow (Lines 2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10+11)	1,865,881
13	Excess (Deficit) Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance (1-12)	\$589,141



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Trustees Santo Independent School District P.O. Box 67 Santo, Texas 76472

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santo Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Santo Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Santo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Santo Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Santo Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Santo Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Santo Independent School District in a seperate letter dated November 15, 2023.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Inn Harritt William

Snow Garrett Williams November 15, 2023



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Santo Independent School District P.O. Box 67 Santo, Texas 76472

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Progam

We have audited Santo Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Santo Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023. Santo Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Santo Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Progam

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Santo Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Santo Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Santo Independent School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Santo Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Santo Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test
 basis, evidence regarding Santo Independent School District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in
 the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Santo Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Santo Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance to a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we find to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Inn davet Williams

Snow Garrett Williams November 15, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1. Financial Statements

		Type of auditor's report issued:		<u>Unmo</u>	odified		
		Internal control over financial reporting:					
		One or more material weaknesses	identified?		Yes	<u> </u>	No
		One or more significant deficiencies are not considered to be material w	s identified that veaknesses?		Yes	<u> </u>	None Reported
		Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			Yes	<u> </u>	No
2	2.	Federal Awards					
		Internal control over major programs:					
		One or more material weaknesses	identified?		Yes	X	No
		One or more significant deficiencies are not considered to be material w			Yes	<u> </u>	None Reported
	·.	Type of auditor's report issued on comp major programs:	liance for	<u>Unma</u>	odified		
		Version of compliance supplement used	in audit:	May	2023		
		Any audit findings disclosed that are rec reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, p	S. Code of		Yes	_ <u>X</u>	No
		Identification of major programs:					
		Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.027A/84.027X/84.173A 84.425D/84.425U	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u> Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER)			су	
		Dollar threshold used to distinguish betw type A and type B programs:	ween	<u>\$750</u>	<u>,000</u>		
		Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			Yes	<u> </u>	No
	Fina NOI	ancial Statement Findings NE					
	⁻ ed ∖O	leral Award Findings and Questioned Cos NE	sts				

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

A corrective action plan is not needed.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

(1)	(2)	(2A)	(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal ALN Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:			
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402301 \$	44,650
National School Lunch Program Total Passed Through State Department of Education Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture:	10.555	71302301	123,916 168,566
Commodity Supplemental Food Program (Non-cash) Commodity Storage and Delivery Supply Chain Assistance Total ALN 10.555 Total Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture Total U. S. Department of Agriculture Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555 10.555 10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5 NT4XL1YGLGC5 NT4XL1YGLGC5	22,797 1,318 25,122 49,237 49,237 217,803 217,803
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:			
U.S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education: IDEA-Part B, Formula IDEA-Part B, Formula Total ALN 84.027A IDEA-Part B, Formula - ARP (COVID-19) Total ALN 84.027 IDEA-Part B, Preschool Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	84.027A 84.027X	236600011829046600 246600011829046600 225350021829045350 236610011829046610	279,961 27,073 307,034 54,094 361,128 952 362,080 362,080 362,080
OTHER PROGRAMS:			
U. S. Department of Education Direct Program: ESEA Title V, Part B, Subpart 2 - REAP Passed Through State Department of Education: ESEA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs Total ALN 84.010A	84.358A 84.010A 84.010A 84.010A	22610101182904 23610101182904 24610101182904	29,724 5,781 142,359 9,520 157,660
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting Total ALN 84.367A	84.367A 84.367A 84.367A	22694501182904 23694501182904 24694501182904	978 22,041
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1 Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1 Total ALN 84.424A	84.424A 84.424A	23680101182904 24680101182904 \$	11,168 780 11,948

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

(1)	(2)	(2A)	(3)	
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ <u>Program or Cluster Title</u> Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER II-COVID 19)	Federal ALN <u>Number</u> 84.425D	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number 21521001182904	Federa <u>Expenditu</u> \$ 227,2	ires
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER III-COVID 19) Total ALN 84.425 Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education	84.425U	21528001182904	335,4 562,7 756,5 786,2	77 <u>9</u> 566
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Texas Deparment of Agriculture: State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT- COVID-19) Administrative Costs Grants Total Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture Total U. S. Department of Agriculture TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	10.649	NT4XL1YGLGC5	6	527 527 527 500

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Santo Independent School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Santo Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

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SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

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SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control Codes		Responses	
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes	
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?	No	
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.)	Yes	
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 daysfrom the date the warrant hold was issued.		
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.		
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No	·
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No	
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No	
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year-end?	Yes	
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes	
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end	\$	